

Current Status of the AfCFTA Implementation

Mohamed Ali

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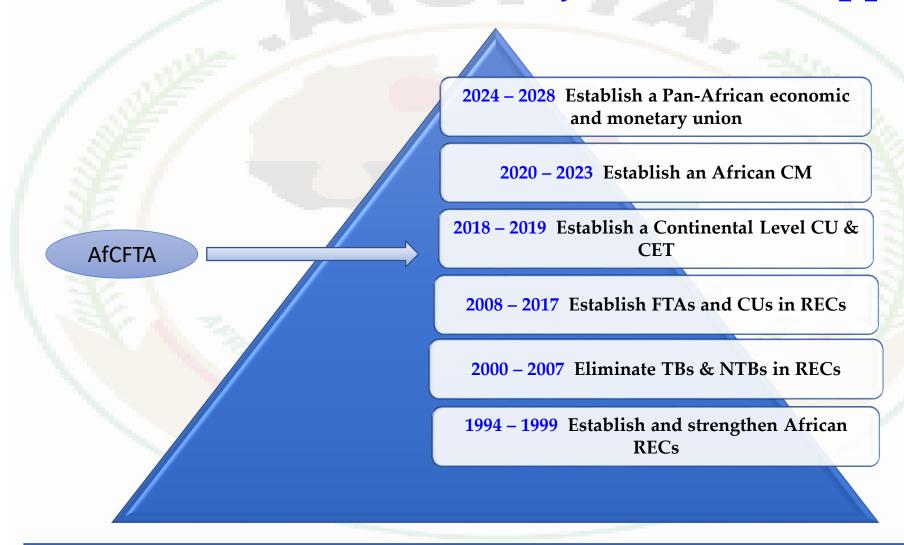
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- 2. Current State of the AfCFTA Implementation
- 3. Work progress activities, Challenges and Way forward
- 4. How does AfCFTA benefit MSMEs in Africa?

Creating One African Market



1. Rationale, Main Objectives and Opportunities



The 'Treaty Establishing the African Economic Community (AEC)' (The Abuja Treaty) lays out a detailed time-bound schedule for African economic and political integration through 6 stages



Objectives of the AfCFTA

☐ To overcome dependence on exportation of primary products and promote social and economic transformation for economic growth, industrialization and sustainable development in line with Agenda 2063. ☐ AfCFTA is a flagship project of the AU blueprint and Masterplan ie Agenda 2063 – The Africa We Want, which was signed during the Golden Jubilee of May 2013. ☐ Achieve a comprehensive and mutually beneficial trade agreement among the AU MSs. ☐ Boosting intra-Africa trade. ☐ To create a freer market for goods and services, building upon the trade agreements within the RECs and associated commitments and thus pave the way for accelerating deeper integration and achieving AEC according to Abuja Treaty (1994). ☐ The AfCFTA seeks to combine the economies of 55 African states under a pan-African FTA comprising

1.35 billion people in a market with a combined GDP of \$3.4 trillion.



Opportunities of the AfCFTA

Largest FTA: 55 economies, 1.3 Bn people, GDP US\$ 2.6 Tn (IMF)

<u>Human and Natural Resources</u>: World Second largest and second most populous continent (2 Bn people by 2050, 70% youth, 26% workforce in the world) (UNECA)

30% of the earth's remaining mineral resources: over 40% of the gold reserves, over 60% of cobalt, and 90% of platinum reserves

TBs & NTBs Elimination: Current average tariff 6.1%, intra-Africa trade to increase by more than 52% by eliminating TBs and to double by eliminating NTBs (UNECA)

Structural transformation of Intra-trade: (70% Africa exports to world are raw materials)-high value-added exports - deepening industrialization, sustainable development, job creation, welfare (from US\$ 16 to US\$ 24 Bn) (UNECA)

SMEs Development: SMEs representing 80% in Africa, 40% of national income, foreign markets penetration, cumulative RoO, Developing RVCs.

Formal Cross-borders trade: overcoming various forms of violence African Small Traders facing, especially women.

<u>Comprehensive Agreement</u>: not only for liberalizing trade in goods and services; Investment, Competition, IPR, E-commerce, Dispute Settlement Mechanism



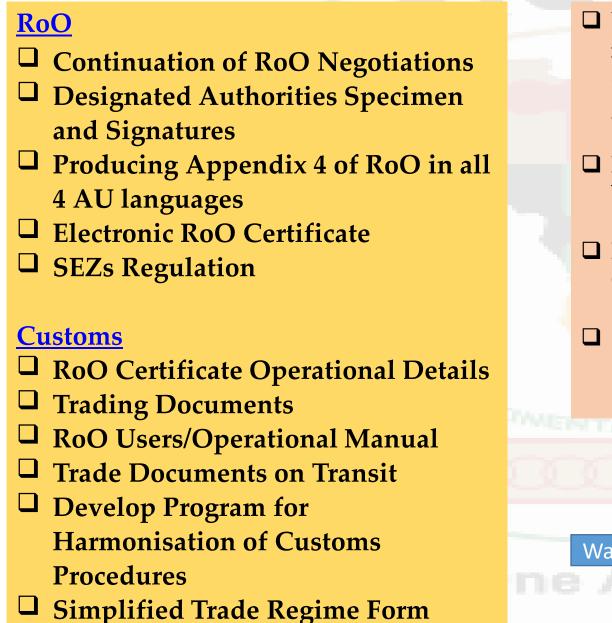
2. Current State of the AfCFTA Implementation

- 54/55 Signatories 36 State Parties 41 Tariff Offers 34 Services Offers (5 Priority Sectors: Financial, Telecommunication, Transport, Tourism, and Business Services)
- CEMAC (6 SPs "Cameroon-CAR-Chad-Congo Republic-Equatorial Guinea-Gabon"), besides, 6 SPs, namely; Egypt, Mauritius, Malawi, Sao Tome and Principe, Mauritania, and Zambia, are considering the pioneering group to implement the AfCFTA.
- Main instruments have been launched and operationalized (Online Tariff Negotiations Tool Online Mechanism for NTBs ATO)
- Around 82% of Rules of Origin have been concluded (75.2% of intra-Africa trade)
- The AfCFTA Member States have already established the Sub-Committees on different areas of trade in goods including ROO, TF, Customs, SPS, TBT, NTBS, Trade Remedies
- Trading commenced on 1 January 2021, as per the 13th Extra-ordinary Summit (5 Dec 2020)
- Outstanding negotiations to be finalized on phase I by **June 2021**, on phase II and e-commerce by **December 2021**

Creating One African Market



3. Work progress activities, Challenges and Way forward



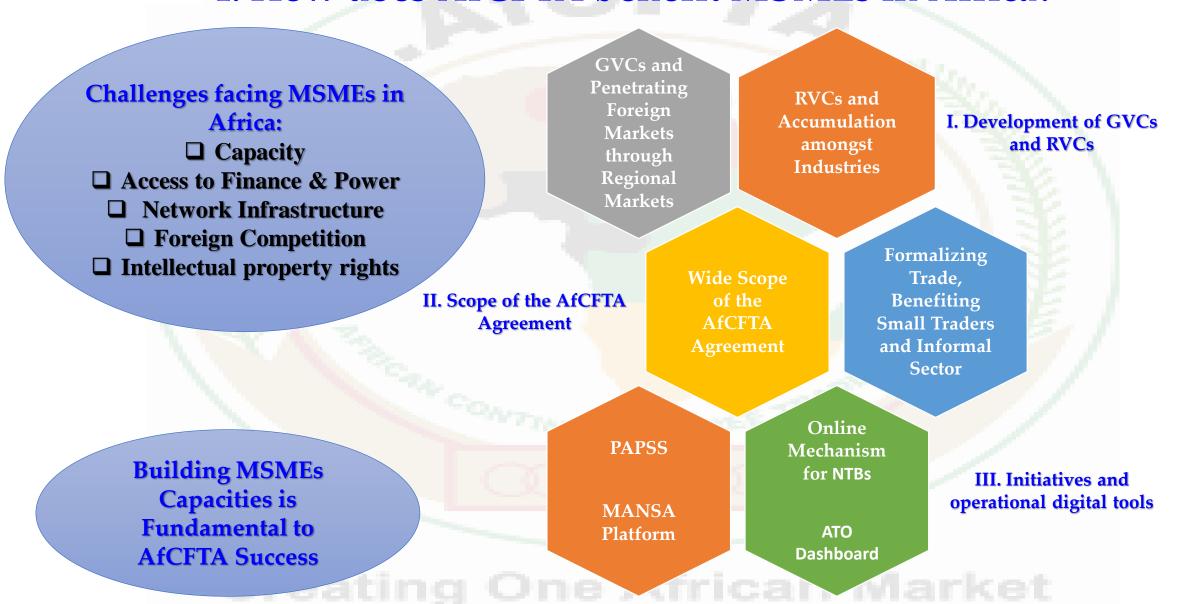
☐ Different speed and priorities and overlapping membership in different RECs, convergence between different RECs should be made compatible with the goals and timelines set for the CFTA. ☐ Multitude and varied trade commitments undertaken by African countries. ☐ Institutional, organizational, and productive Capacities. ☐ Sensitive issues such as RoO, Level of ambition, Services Regulations, etc. **Capacity Building and awarness**

Way Forward

- ✓ Concluding Outstanding Work
 ✓ Digital platforms
 - ✓ Trade finance initiatives
 - ✓ Women in trade protocol



4. How does AfCFTA benefit MSMEs in Africa?





Thank You

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Creating One African Market



AfCFTA and E-commerce, opportunities to increase intra-African trade

One Trade Africa

James Howe, Senior Adviser ITC

OPERATIONALISING THE AFCFTA IN NORTH AFRICA: NEW OPPORTUNITIES FOR MSMEs GROWTH AND INTEGRATION Rabat, 30th March 2021



Agenda: looking at ecommerce opportunity in Africa

Introduction

- Cross-border e-commerce for SMEs and the opportunity of the AfCFTA
- African e-commerce B2C marketplaces understanding the trends
- 3. Examples of what African entrepreneurs tell us
- 4. Introducing the ecomConnect Programme?

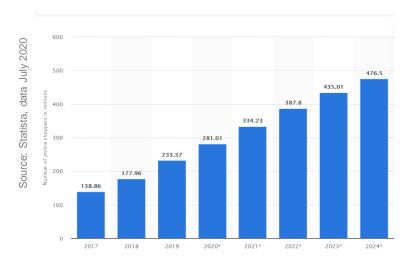


SMEs are transforming the way they do business... digitally!



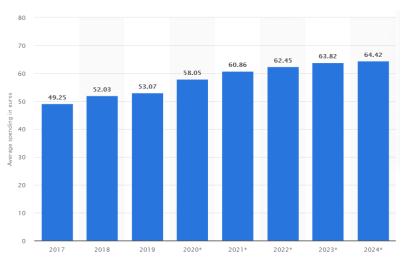
An ecommerce snapshot of Africa

More and more Africans shop online..

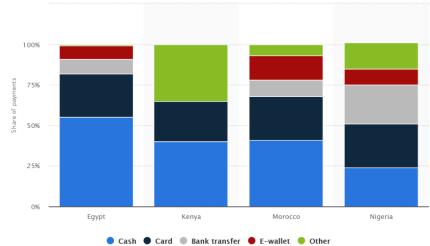


B2C online shoppers in Africa (millions), 2019-19, forecast 2020 to 2024

... and start to spend more per head



Cash is king (and sometimes mobile money)

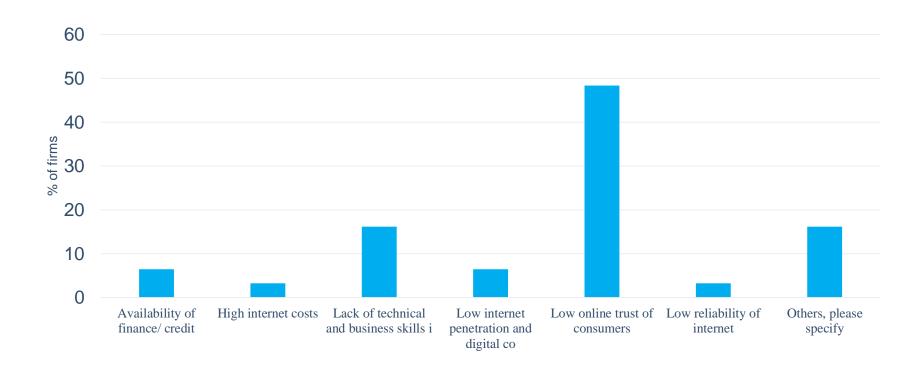






Trust is signaled by SMEs as a major barrier

Source: ODI survey for UNECA, October 2020, N=31, 5 countries – Kenya, Liberia, Nigeria, Rwanda, South Africa

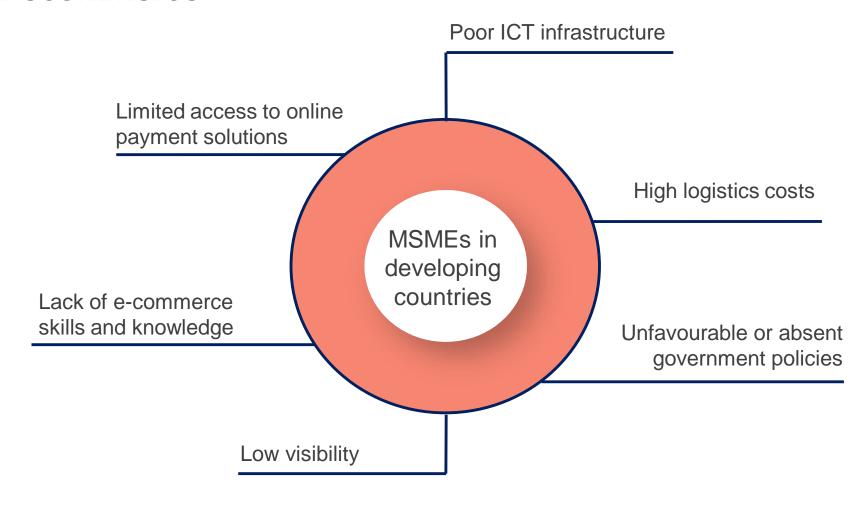


Consumer trust as a barrier

Example: Rwanda survey 2018



...a number of well known barriers holds back growth in Africa of ecommerce





Cross-border e-commerce for SMEs and the opportunity of the AfCFTA



Cross-border e-commerce

Cross-border e-commerce keeps growing

Global online shoppers (million), 2016-2018

Share of cross-border online shoppers

17% in 2016

to

23% in 2018

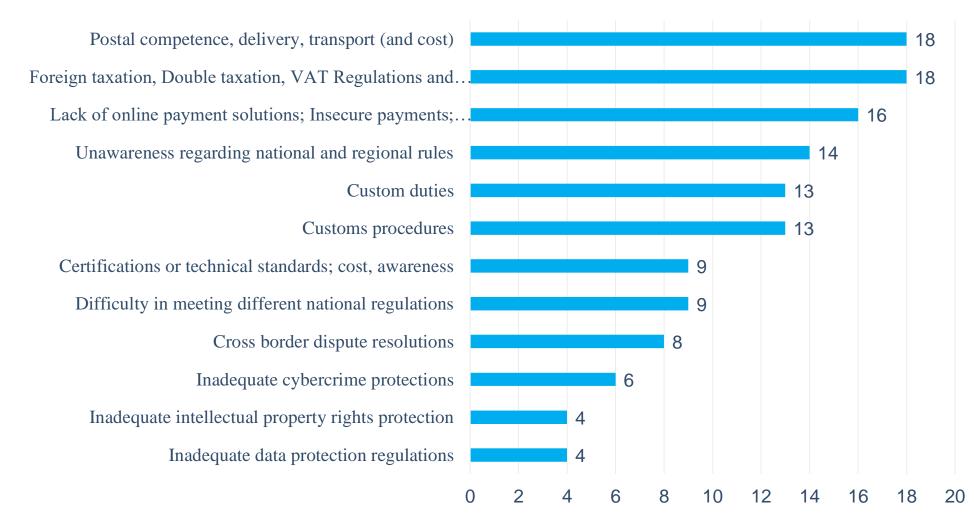




Source: UNCTAD, based on national data

Obstacles signaled by African firms in conducting cross border ecommerce

Source: ODI survey for UNECA, October 2020, N=31, 5 countries - Kenya, Liberia, Nigeria, Rwanda, South Africa

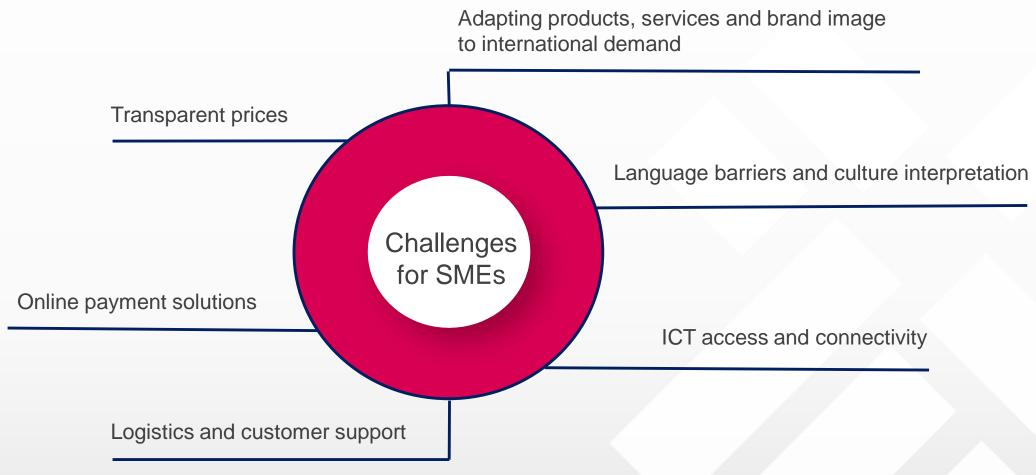






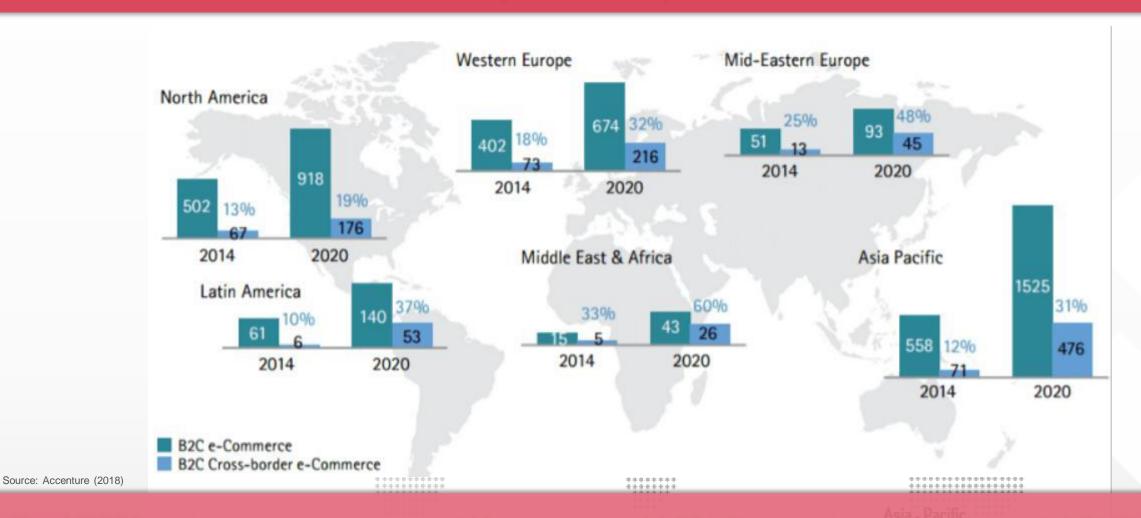
Cross-border e-commerce

What does it take for small businesses?





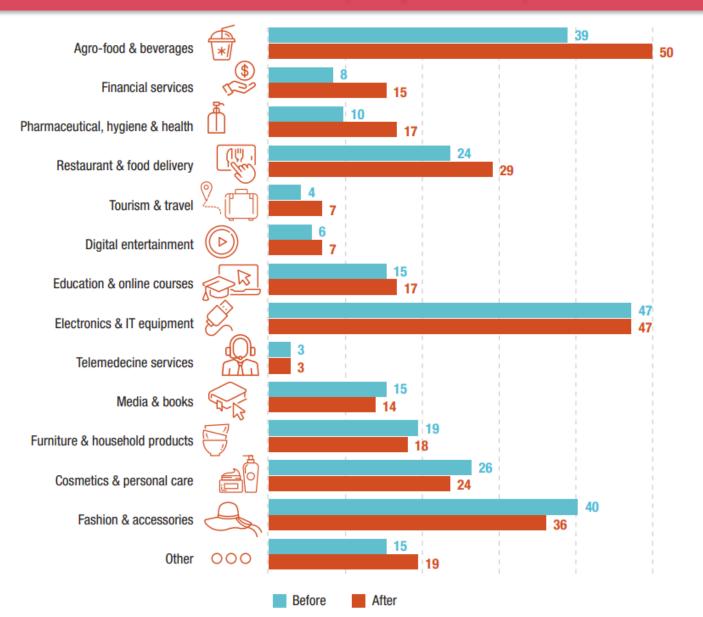
E-commerce market potential in Africa B2C sales (2014-2020) in Billions of USD



The AfCFTA seeks to create an integrated African market of 1.27 billion people, expected to reach 1.7 billion by 2030. In some African countries, <18% of households have access to the Internet throughout the continent and <5% of the population currently buys online.

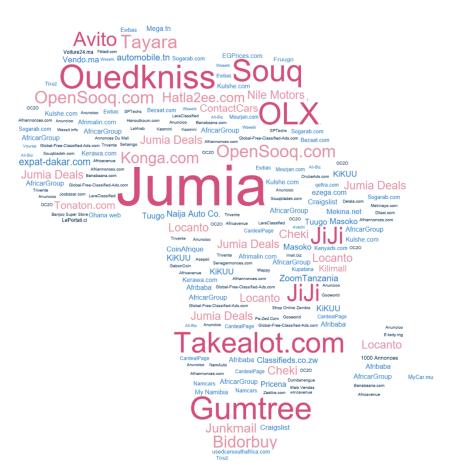
Top 5 sales categories before and after COVID-19 (%)

Third-party marketplaces



African e-commerce B2C marketplaces – understanding the trends





www.intracen.org/ecomafrica

58 Countries

631 Marketplaces

1,902 Marketplace websites

A valuable tool for African businesses

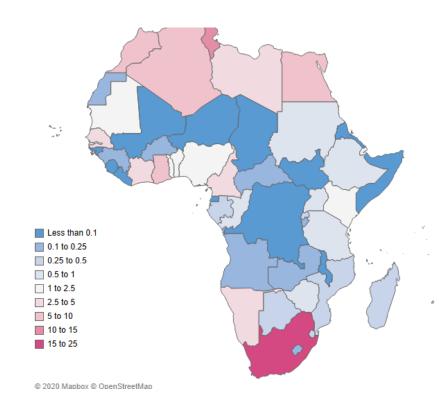
Uncover valuable marketplaces

Country statistics

Benchmarking

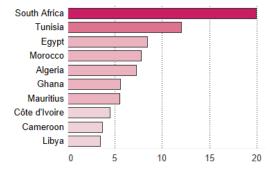
Explain performance

Uncover trends



In 2019 Africa had at least **631** business-to-consumer **online marketplaces** for physical goods. Those marketplaces had in total **1,902 websites** (urls) in the 58 countries and territories of Africa. Although online marketplaces can be found in every African country, there are only few countries with relatively much marketplace activity.

Top 10 countries by Marketplace popularity index, 2019



About the indicator

The marketplace popularity index is the total number of non-unique Web visitors of all business-to-consumer product marketplaces devided by the total number of Internet users per country in 2019.

Map shows territorial boundaries according to OpenStreet Map.

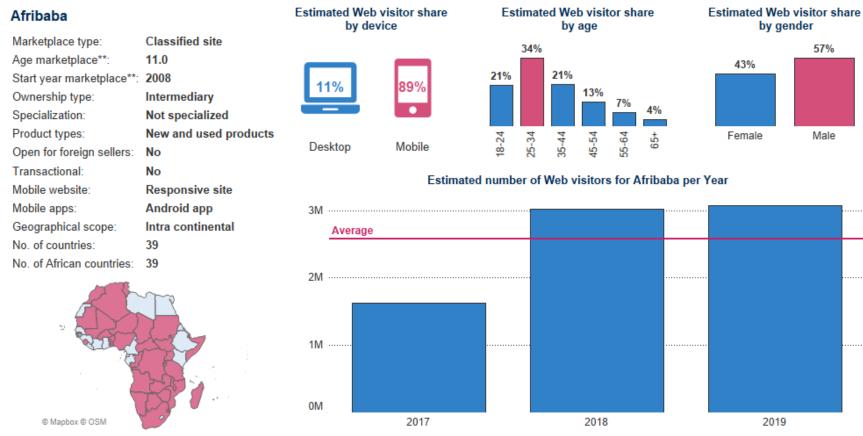


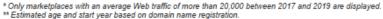
A valuable tool for African businesses

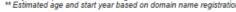
About 28% of the marketplaces in Africa offer Characteristics by: Marketplace type Products offered foreign sellers the possibility to trade on their by openness to foreign sellers by openness to foreign sellers openness to platform(s). Marketplaces that are open to foreign sellers sellers from other countries are most likely global players, focussing on used products Legend for all graphs: only, or retailer owned. Marketplaces that do Yes not open their platforms for foreign traders are No. most often operating in multiple African Unclear countries and are non-transactional. Classified site Online Other New and used New products Used shopping mall products only products only Marketplace specialization Geographical focus Owner type Marketplace age group by openness to foreign sellers Other Vehicles National Intra Global Intermediary Retailer 5 to 10 years continental specialized specialization years Possibility to make a transaction Openess to foreign sellers Mobile site usage App usage by openness to foreign sellers Yes Mobile site Non-transactional Transactional No No mobile site Mobile app No mobile app



A valuable tool for African businesses









A valuable tool for African businesses

Nigeria

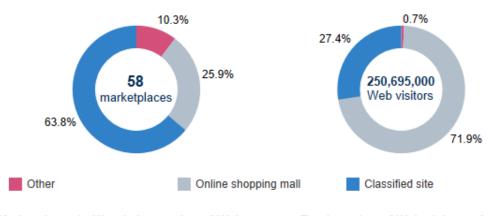
Nigeria not only has the largest population in Africa with over 200 million people, it also boasts the largest economy with a GDP of \$446.5 billion. Nigeria is home to Africa's most popular online marketplace: Jumia. The majority of the marketplace traffic comes from online shopping malls. Between 2017 and 2019 marketplace traffic grew with 9% in Nigeria.

Gross Domestic Product	\$ 446.543 billion	(i)
No. of inhabitants	195,875,000	(i)
Urban population share	50.3%	(i)
Number of Internet users	80,172,000	(i)
Internet penetration	42.0%	(i)
Credit card penetration	2.6%	(i)
Mobile money account penetration	5.6%	(i)
Financial institution account penetration	40.0%	(i)

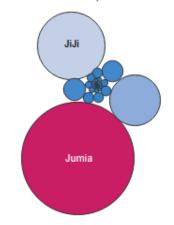


Tip!
Go to the tab 'Figures per
marketplace' to learn more about
individual marketplaces in Nigeria.

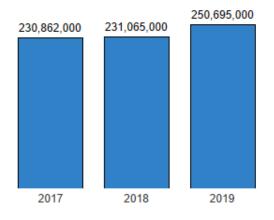
Distribution of marketplaces in Nigeria by number and Web visitors, 2019



Marketplaces in Nigeria by number of Web visitors, 2019

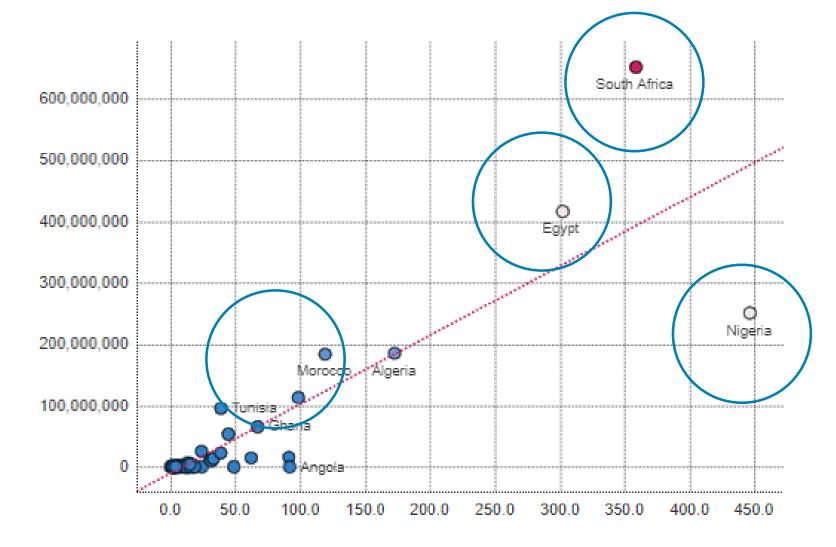


Total number of Web visitors of all marketplaces present in Nigeria, 2017-2019



Relative size of ecommerce market places in Africa

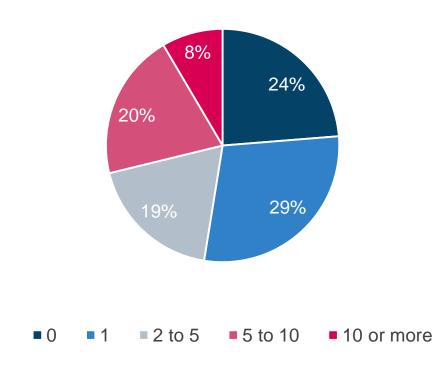
Marketplace traffic (visits)



Some results: Possibility to directly sell on marketplace websites in Africa

Only 11% of the marketplace websites are transactional

African countries by number of transactional marketplace websites



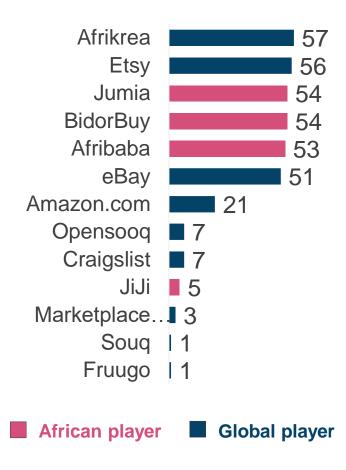


Some results: 49% of the African marketplace websites are open to foreign sellers





Some results: Comparing major Global and African marketplaces by permitted African origin of sellers





Conclusion: reasons for success and failure need exploring – and factors for success promoted

Success in marketplaces in Africa is hard

Total B2C marketplace traffic declined by 3% in Africa 2017-2019 (3 years)

Africans are opting for newer technologies and business models

- Older technologies (classified sites) decline the most rapidly (by 20%).
- Marketplaces selling only second hand goods declined over 30%

Pan-African business is growing – but fragile and restricted to only a few

- Marketplaces open to sellers from other countries experienced an increase visitors by 7%
- Those not open to foreign sellers had a decrease of more than 13%
- But only half of all African marketplaces are open to other Africans, very few "transactional"
- > Promote technologies and newer business models
- > Reduce restrictions on cross border business
- > Facilitate payment solutions

Examples of what African entrepreneurs are telling us



Accessing international ecommerce markets is possible and can be lucrative

Kemi Tijani, Founder of Wow Braids (Nigeria)



In 2015 I started a beauty brand. By 2017 we were **exporting over 80% of our products on e-commerce platforms** such as Amazon, eBay, Etsy and our own B2C website and have earned over \$1m in 3 years while bootstrapping the business.

Thanks to accessing international consumers through global marketplaces we have been able to continue selling during COVID-19 and create 300 new jobs for women in Nigeria.

We are now looking to expand that model to other industries and countries and provide access to international consumers through digital channels. Our goal is to create sustainable incomes for over 20,000 young people in the next 5 years.







Entrepreneurs need to be equipped with new digital skills to compete

Eya Zannad, Founder at ZANNAD Womenswear (Tunisia)



ZANNAD is experiencing exponential growth each year thanks to the loyalty of its first customers and to the visibility gained on social media.

Our continuous growth could lead to **youth job creation In Tunisia at two levels**: in the **factory** and in the **digital communication** department for digital marketing activities.

However, we are struggling to find our target customer online. We need **good quality training on e-commerce**, especially on market research to find potential customers and digital marketing techniques to improve visibility and foster a relationship of trust with our customers.





Better access to finance and lower shipping costs could boost cross border native ecommerce platforms

Nafy Diagne, Founder of Awalebiz (Senegal)



We have designed a multivendor e-commerce site offering a wide selection of products that are made by African artisans and sold to local, regional and international buyers.

However, raising funds to grow our business is a major challenge: available "micro finance" is not suitable for our next phase of expansion.

We have a challenge to be known among customers inside and outside Africa and develop participation of additional African merchants.

We hope the African Continental Free Trade Area decreases shipping costs of products between African countries and contribute to the development of intra-regional trade.





Harmonisation of standards can be a source of opportunity to expand across borders

Vaolah Amumpaire, Founder of WENA Hardware (Uganda)

We would be able to offer more attractive prices with better integration of global payment platforms across different countries.

Transferring money from online payment platforms like PayPal to a local bank is difficult (almost impossible!).

It would certainly make it easier for us to build an international business in Africa if all had the **same rules on standard terms and conditions/policies**. We struggle to understand and plan for taxation across borders.





Introducing the ecomConnect Programme



ecomConnect

Vision 2030

- Network of hubs and partnerships
- 100,000+ SMEs supported to make sales
- Impact on 100+ million people otherwise excluded

Domains of action



E-commerce training & coaching for SMEs

Product and service digitization

Visibility campaigns

Market research



Partnerships with local and international marketplaces, logistics and payments providers

Collaboration with business incubators

Digitization facilities



Community building

Peer-to-peer network & value creation

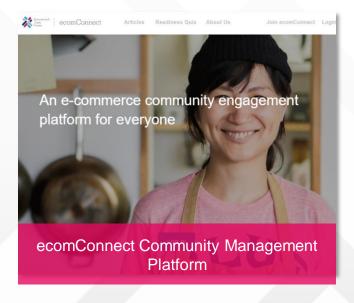
Partnerships with connectivity innovators

Innovation







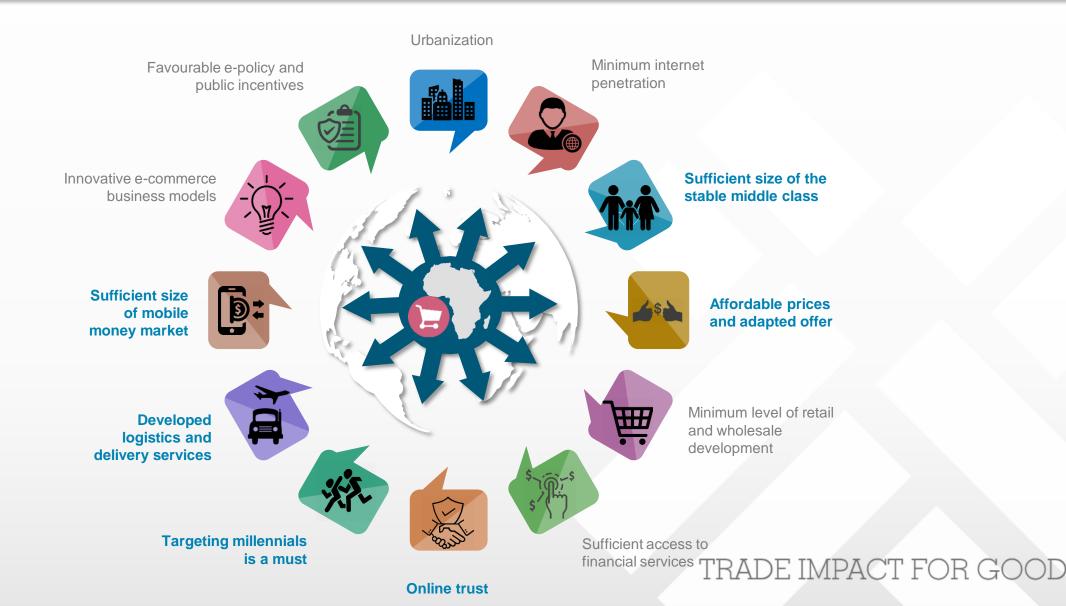




Recommendations



12 success factors e-commerce in Africa



Thank you!

Join #ecomConnect – The online engagement community for e-commerce entrepreneurs

https://ecomconnect.org/

ecomconnect@intracen.org

www.intracen.org/ecomconnect





How to Export with the AfCFTA



What is the How to Export with the AfCFTA project?

Afreximbank-funded project to promote intra-African trade for SME Exporters with the AfCFTA

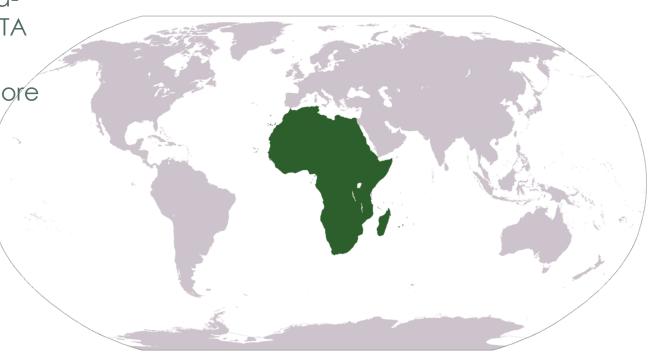
3 pilot countries: Nigeria, Rwanda, Cote d'Iviore

Objectives:

- Increase awareness of the opportunities brought by the AfCFTA
- Improve export skills of SME Exporters
- Promote the use of trade support services

Woman Participation so far:

• 43% (676)



How to Export with the AfCFTA curriculum

7 core modules

Applicable across Africa and the AfCFTA



Modules

The Opportunity of Intra-African Trade

Getting Your Business Ready for Export

Researching African Markets Developing an African Market

African Market Access Conditions

Financing Intra-African Trade

Intra-African Logistics

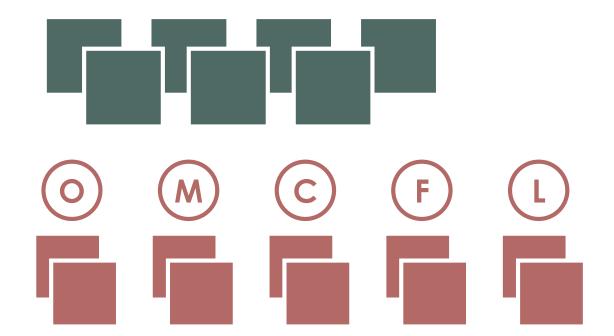
How to Export with the AfCFTA Curriculum

7 core modules

Applicable across Africa and the AfCFTA

National Workshops

Workshops designed to address national priorities in relation to the AfCFTA



National Workshops

DAY 1
Intra African
trade
opportunities

DAY 2 Selecting highest potential markets

DAY 3 Meeting requirements ROO

DAY 4
Financing
African Trade

DAY 5
Delivering product to markets

National Workshops

Online

Continental

Concepts

Case studies

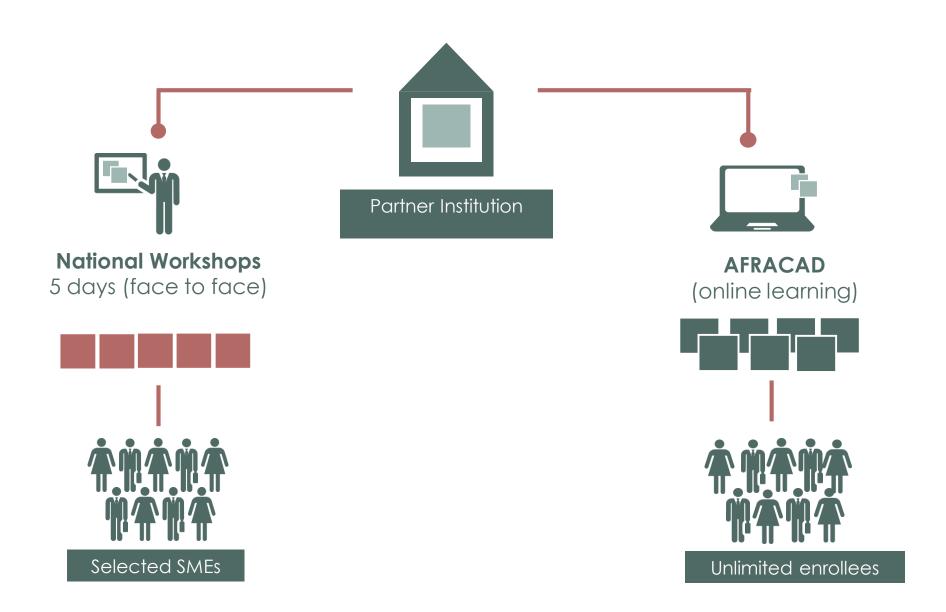
Workshop

Local/sectors

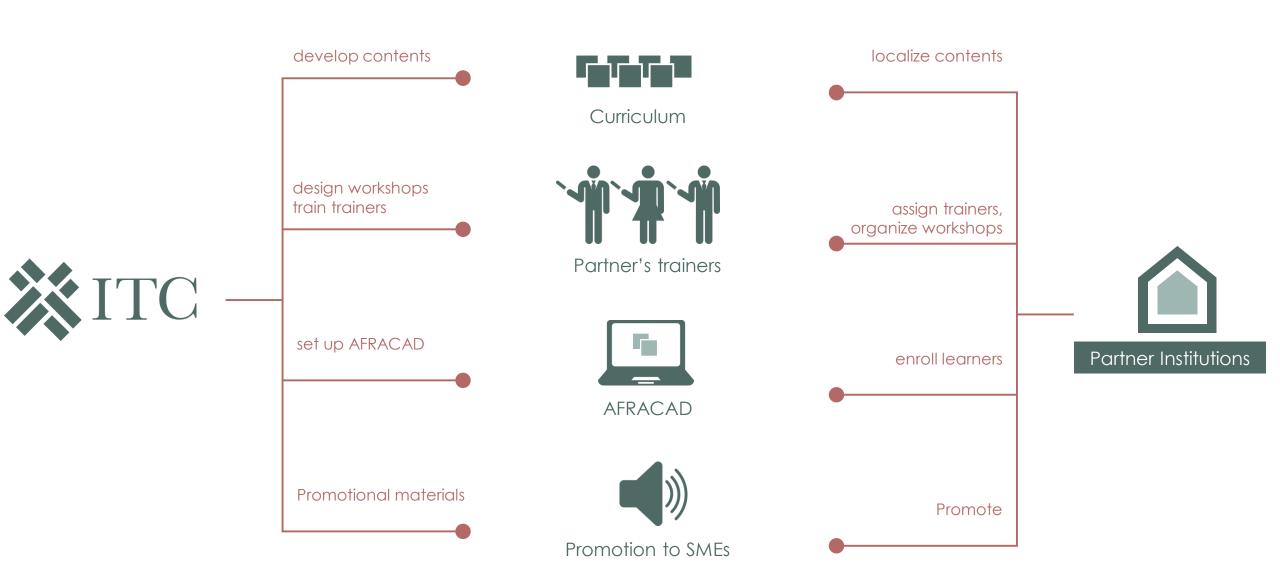
Exercises

Service providers/Policy

How will it be delivered?



Roles and responsibilities



Module 1: The Opportunity of Intra African Trade

Low intra African trade

- Why?
- AfCFTA initiatives

Non tariff barriers

- Why?
- AfCFTA initiatives

Infrastructure

- Why?
- AfCFTA initiatives

Information

- Why?
- AfCFTA initiatives

Module 2: Getting Your Business Ready for Export

Export mindset

- Importance of management commitment
- Challenges

Meeting the need

- Product readiness/comparative advantage
- Product adaptation

Access to finance

- Where are resources needed
- Where to get finance

Skills and knowledge

- Consequences of mistakes
- What skills are needed

Module 3: Researching African Markets

Short listing

- Secondary market research/scanning/compare
- Identify a shortlist using indicators

Market selection

- Market access conditions
- Ease of exporting/highest export potential

Market analysis

- Primary research
- Market report

Module 4: Developing an African Market

Market Entry Strategies

- Unique nature of African markets
- Identify channels of distribution
- Selecting a channel

Contracting a Distributor

- Types of distributors
- Distributor contracting
- Model contract

Module 5: African Market Access Conditions

Standards

- Mandatory Standards
- Procedures and documentation

Rules of Origin

- Requirements
- Procedures and documentation

Customs

- Customs requirements
- Procedures and documentation

Module 6: Financing African Trade

Trade Finance

- Trade Finance options
- Procedures and documentation

Payment and Risk

- Payment methods
- Managing payment risk
- Procedures and documentation

Services

- Service providers (Afreximbank)
- Meeting requirements

Module 7: Intra-African Logistics

Transport Options

- Transport routes
- Types of transport
- Packing and labelling

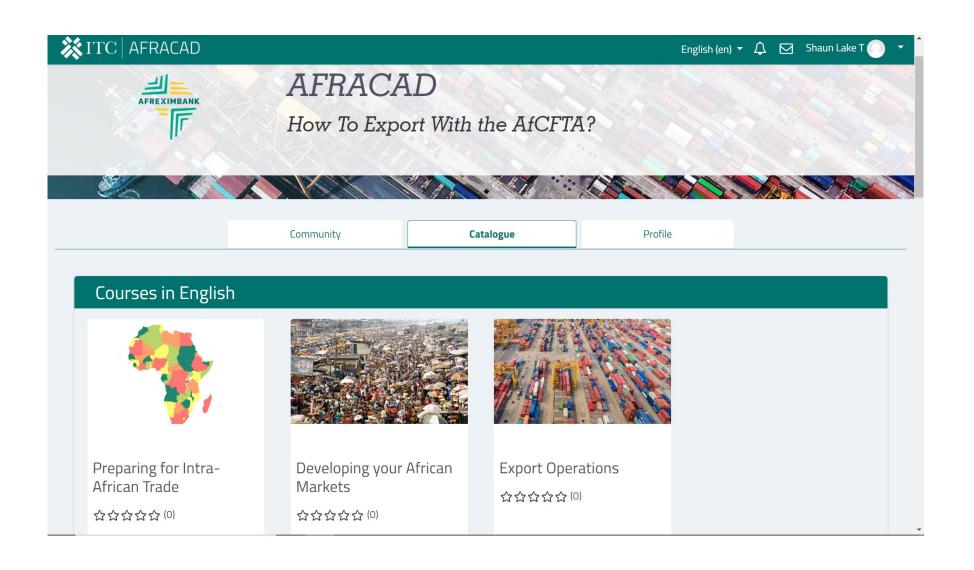
Planning

- Hiring a Freight Forwarder
- Procedures and documents
- Cargo insurance

Costing

- Use of Incoterms
- Costing for different modes

AFRACAD



Demonstration of AFRACAD

How to Export with the AfCFTA



Expansion of Programme

Online Course

All 55 countries

Local counterpart

National Workshops

12 Selected countries

National Partner

Four languages

AFRACAD

Expansion of curriculum

Community

Thank you

How to Export with the AfCFTA





OPERATIONALISING THE AFCFTA FOR GROWTH AND INTEGRATION: NEW OPPORTUNITIES FOR MSMES IN NORTH AFRICA

How and what to export successfully across Africa?

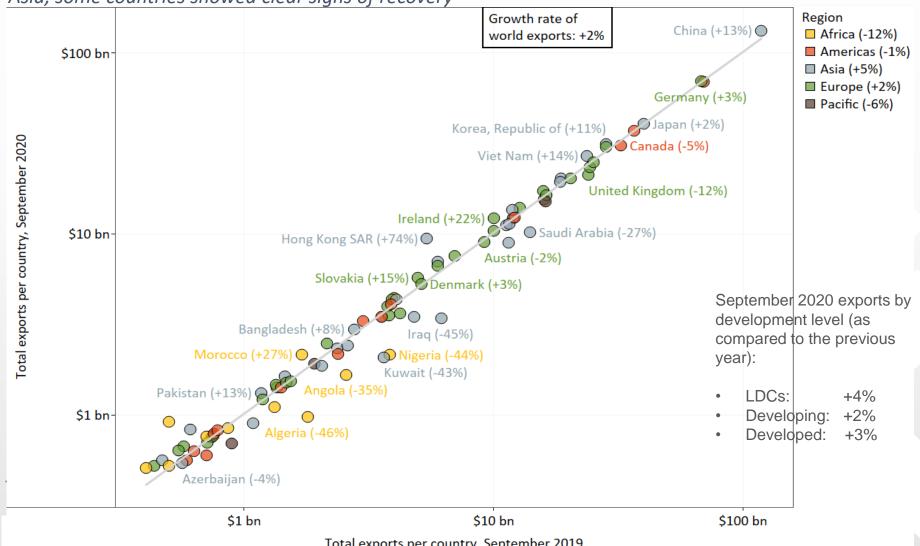


Roadmap of the presentation

- Global State of Trade & recent trends
- > The African context: what role the AfCFTA can play?
- > Focus on Northern Africa
- What about the VC?

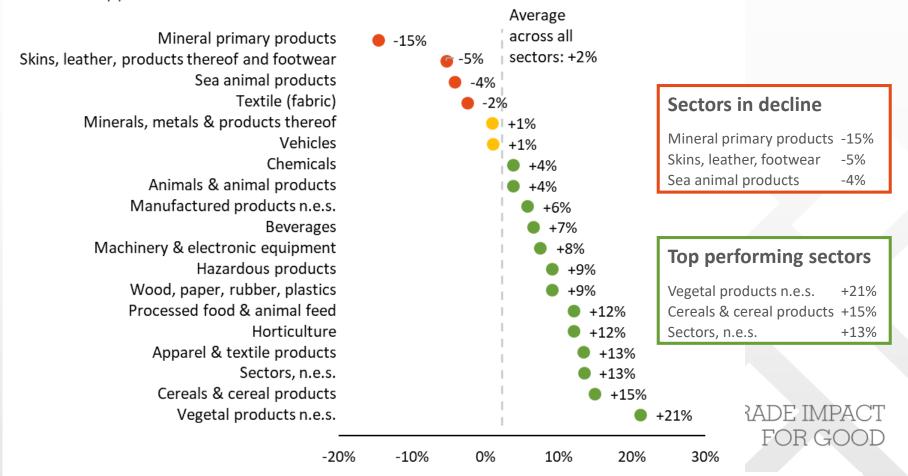
Global State of Trade & recent trends

In September 2020, Africa's exports were 12% down from the previous year while in Asia, some countries showed clear signs of recovery



The Global State of Trade & recent trends

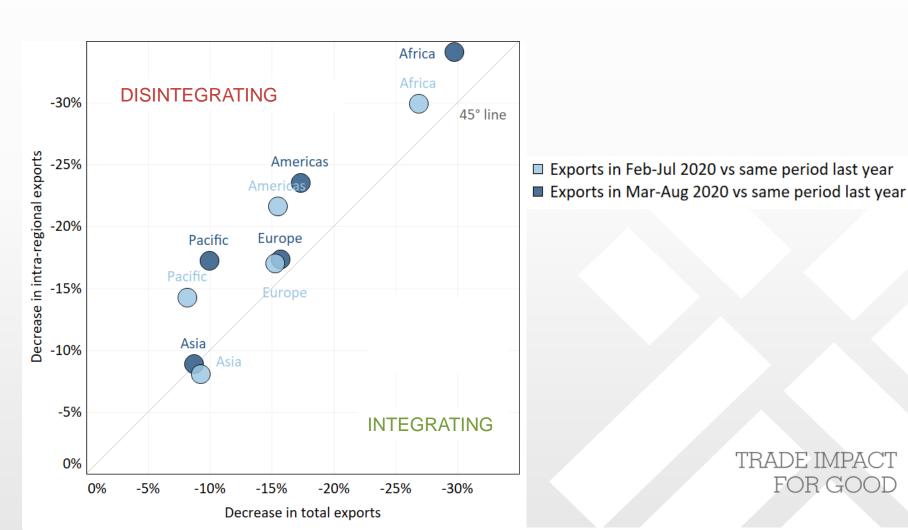
The trade recovery in September 2020 is driven by vegetal and cereal sectors, but exports of the crisis-hit apparel sector have increased as well



Notes: year-on-year growth rates for September 2020, based on reports from 39 countries that have reported their trade data in September 2020, accounting for 63% of world trade.

The Global State of Trade & recent trends

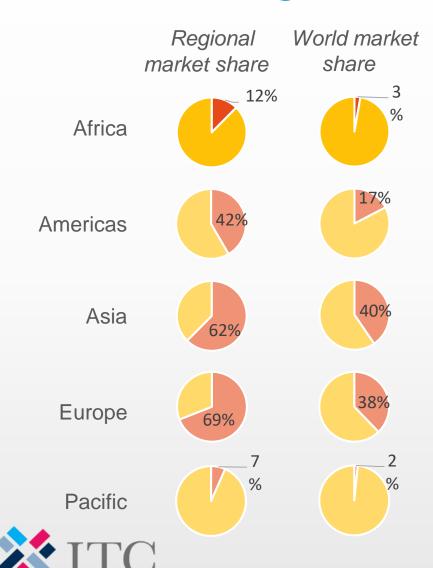
Intra-regional trade has been hit stronger than total trade during the pandemic



Notes: year-on-year growth rates for March-August 2020, based on reports from 55 countries that have reported their trade data in August 2020, accounting for 66% of world trade.

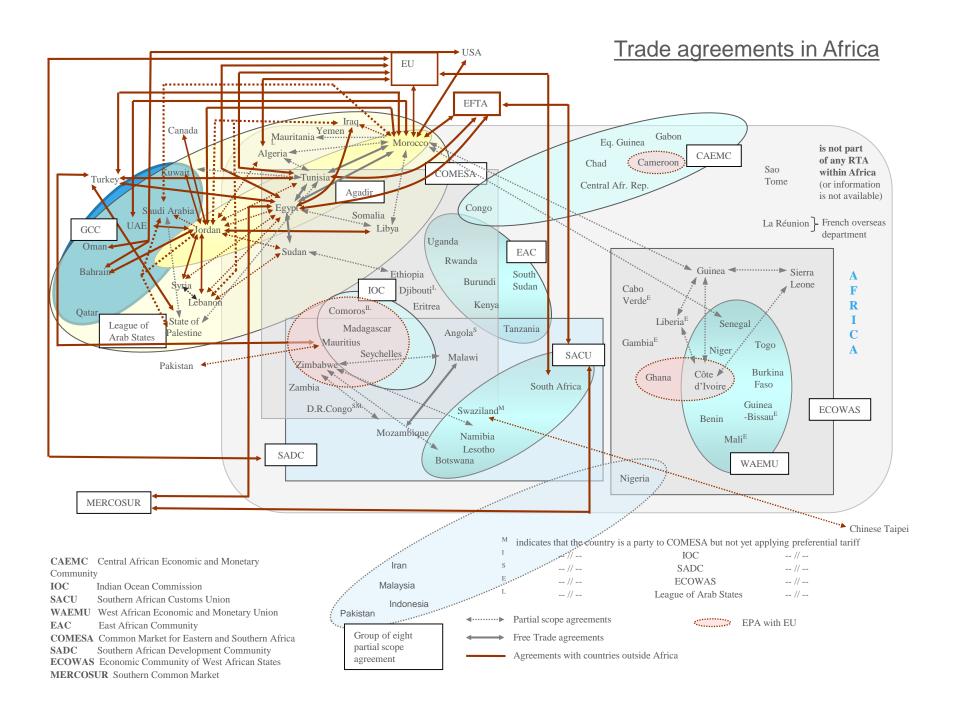
FOR GOOD

Africa's intra-regional trade



- Intra-African imports account for ca. 12% of total African imports, Asia and Europe import more than 60% from the region.
- Africa's world market share however is very small as well, implying that intra-regional trade still represents an important source of export revenues.
- → Africa needs a general boost in export performance and AfCFTA can support this.

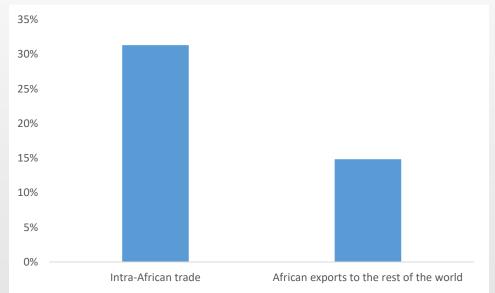




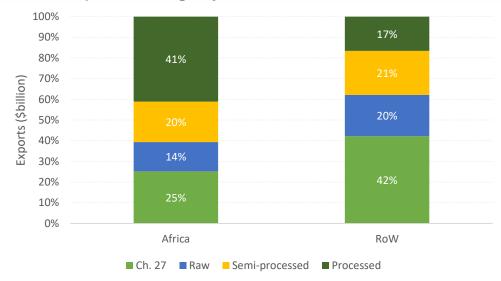
Structural assessment of Africa's trade (1/2)

- The share of processed goods is substantially higher in intra-African trade than in exports to other countries (41% vs. 17%).
- Africa's exports to the rest of the world are dominated by mineral fuels and raw products.

Share of technologically advanced* trade in African exports, by market



Level of processing, by market



 Intra-regional trade offers more opportunities to climb the technological ladder: 31% of intra-African exports are technologically advanced as compared to 15% of exports to the RoW.

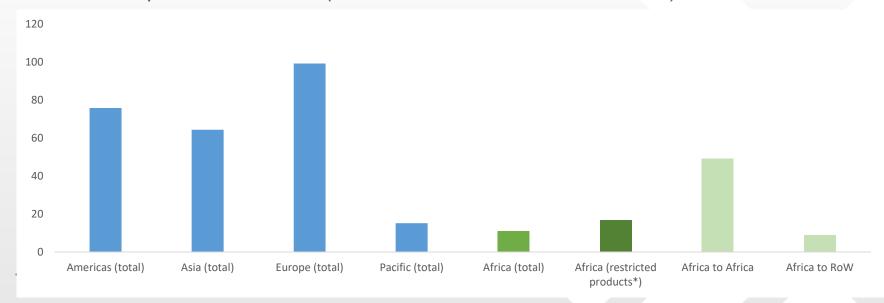
TRADE IMPACT FOR GOOD

*"Technologically advanced" – transformed products successfully exported by countries with a GDP per capita at least as high as the exporter's GDP per capita.

Structural assessment of Africa's trade (2/2)

- The inverse Herfindahl-Hirschman index indicates that Africa exports only
 11 equivalent products,* much less than America, Asia and Europe (76, 64
 and 99 equivalent products, respectively). When looking beyond natural
 resource trade, the value increases to 17 equivalent products.
- While Africa's exports to other countries are highly concentred (9), intra-African trade is much more diversified (49).

Export diversification (inverse Herfindahl-Hirschman index)



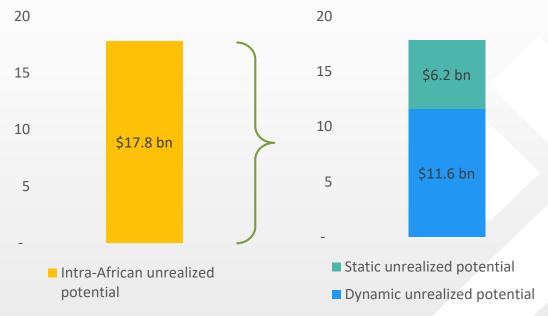
^{*}Excluding products from Chapters 24-27, 93, as well as waste and products not suitable for export promotion (such as antiques).

^{*}Level of export diversification as high as it would be if the continent was exporting each product at equal shares.

Africa's export potential (1/3)

- African exporters hold an unrealized potential of \$18 bn in African markets
 - ~1/3 of the export growth potential (\$6.2 bn) is due to market frictions
 - ~2/3 (\$11.6 bn) are due to expected growth dynamics

Intra-African export growth potential

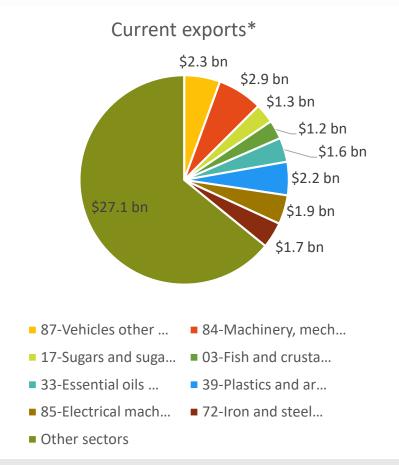


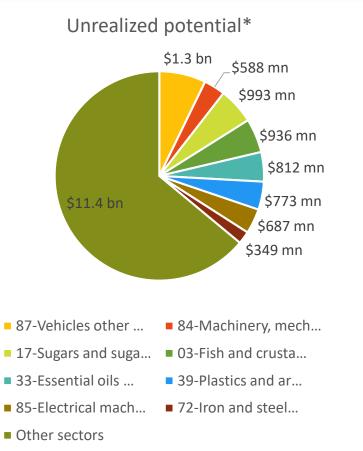


Africa's export potential (2/3)

Current exports are largest in the machinery sector (\$2.9 bn), followed by vehicles (\$2.3 bn) and plastics (\$2.2 bn).

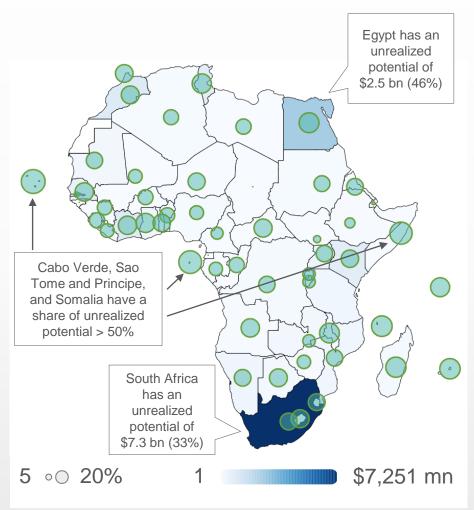
The vehicles sector has the largest unrealized export potential (\$1.3 bn), followed by sugar (\$993 mn) and fish (\$936 mn).





^{*}Excluding products from Chapters 24-27, 93, as well as waste and products not suitable for export promotion (such as antiques).

Africa's export potential (3/3)

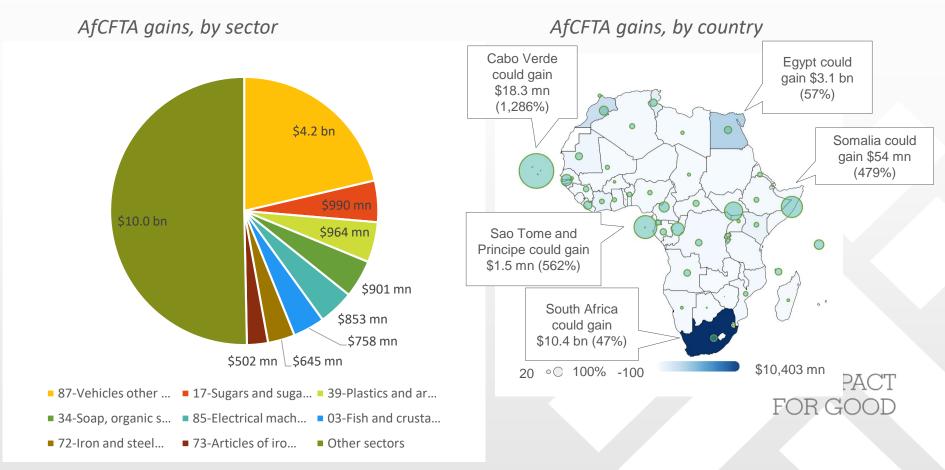


- In absolute terms, South Africa and Egypt have the most export growth potential.
- In relative terms, Cabo Verde, Sao
 Tome and Principe, and Somalia
 could gain the most from removing
 market frictions and targeted
 investments with shares of
 unrealized in total export
 potential > 50%.



AfCFTA gains

- Assuming a scenario where developing countries reduce their tariffs by 100% and LDCs by 50% over 5 years, additional opportunities worth \$9.2 bn would become available (+18%)
- With full tariff liberalization, this gain would increase to \$19.8 bn (+39%)

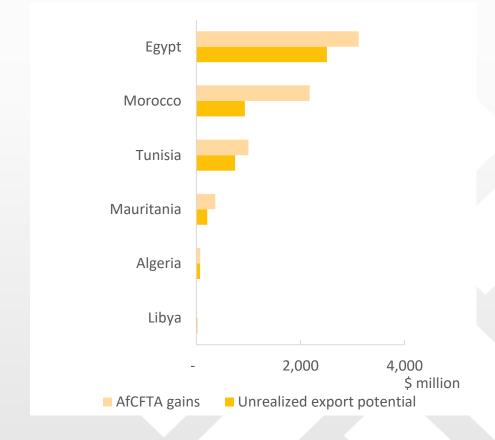


Focus on Northern Africa (1/2)

Northern Africa accounts for one quarter (\$4.4 bn) of the total intra-African untapped export potential, and one third (\$6.7 bn) of the AfCFTA-related gains in additional exports.

- More than half of Egypt's export potential remains unrealized, potentially giving rise to \$2.5 bn in additional exports subject to the removal of market frictions and investments.
- Egypt also could become the biggest winner from the AfCFTA with tariff cuts making additional exports worth \$1.1 bn possible.

Northern Africa's intra-African trade opportunities, by country



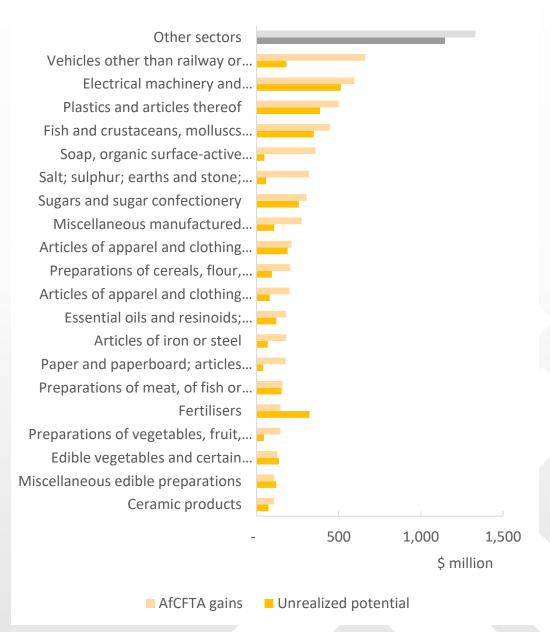


Focus on Northern Africa (2/2)

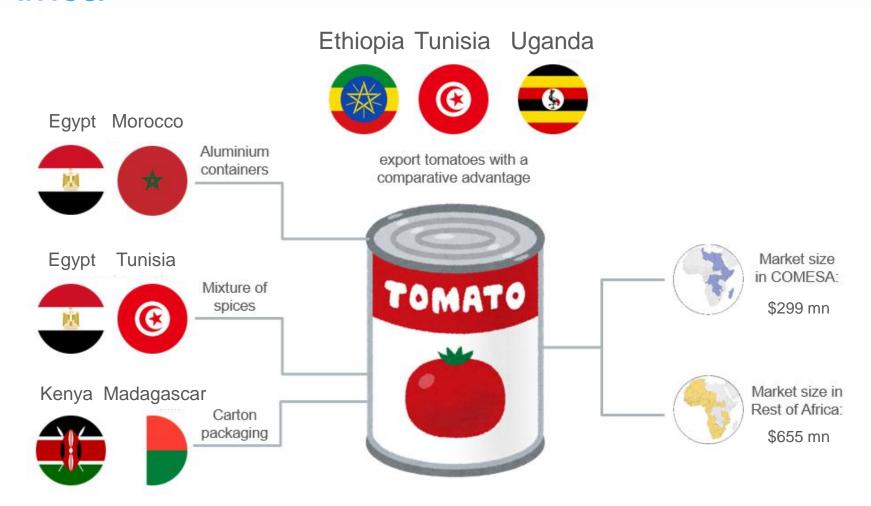
- The electrical machinery sector could gain the most from removing market frictions and making targeted investments (\$514 mn).
- The vehicles sector is expected to gain the most from a full liberalization of tariffs under the AfCFTA (\$663 mn).
- Other sectors with good prospects to increase intra-African trade comprise plastics and fish.



Northern Africa's intra-African trade opportunities, by sector



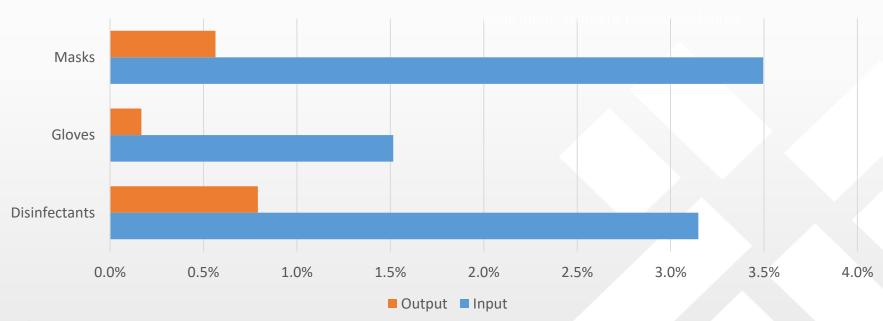
Example of value chain opportunities in Africa



Example of value chain opportunities in Africa – Medical supplies (1/2)

While Africa accounts for a small share of world exports of PPE, the continent holds a significant share of world exports of certain inputs into these products

Share of African in world exports in selected health-related products and their main input

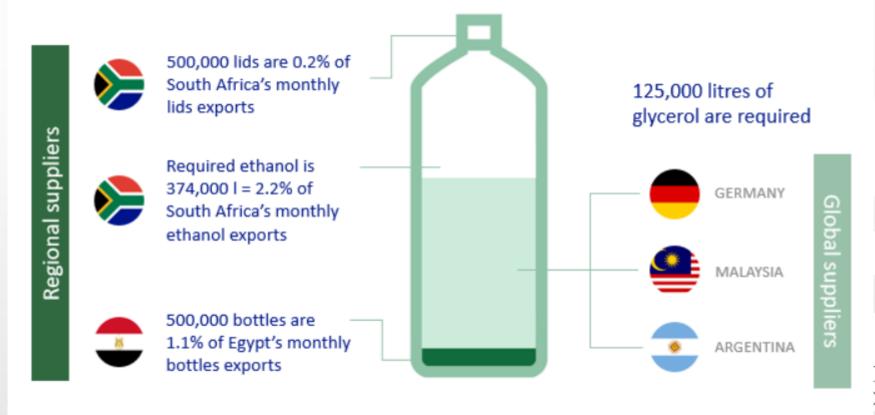




TRADE IMPACT FOR GOOD

Example of value chain opportunities in Africa – Medical supplies (2/2)

- WHO* estimates that Africa would need 500,000 litres of disinfectants each month to fight the pandemic
- Through regional and global cooperation, Africa could produce sufficient amounts of disinfectants to meet its own requirement



[→] See ITC Technical Paper: "Medical Industries in Africa: A Regional Response to Supply Shortages" . *ITC regional breakdown of WHO global estimates.

For more information



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