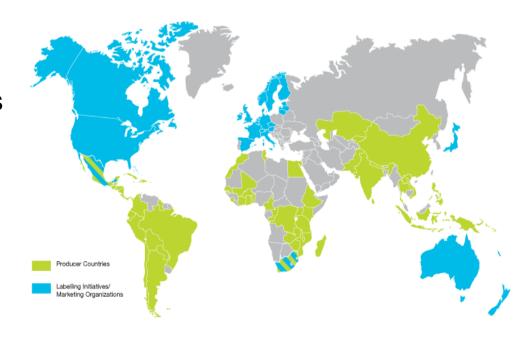


THE GLOBAL REACH OF FAIRTRADE

- Offices in Bonn, San Jose,
 Cape Town & Bangalore
- More than 120 auditors located across 70 countries
- Approx. 2000 physical audits per year.
- Direct access to approx. 1.7
 million small farmers & workers
- 20 Consumer countries in the North
- 54 producing countries in the South

- One global data collection system
- Closed supply chain certification system (cradle to gate)





CONNECTING WITH LEADING BUSINESSES















































FLO-CERT



















Fairtrade & Climate Change

Fairtrade Intl.

FLO-CERT

- Advocacy (e.g. Durban)
- Standards (new GES)
- Producer Support

- Footprint Assessments
- Insetting (mitigation/adaptation within FT supply chain)

When we talk about Climate Change we advocate sustainable land management





WHAT FAIRTRADE SMALL FARMERS REPORT

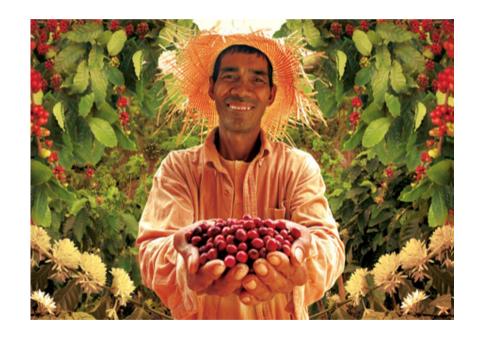
- Yields are declining 76%

Not able to afford adaptation/mitigation

Knowledge about carbon labelling/puchasing 64% requirements

 Carbon Footprinting requested

20%







RECENT MARKET DEVELOPMENTS

- **Unilever**: all suppliers to reduce EF by 50%
- Unilever: 100% sustainable procurement of agricultural materials
- **Tesco**: all suppliers to reduce CF by 30% over 10 years
- WalMart: Supplier sustainability questionnaire –
 preferential purchasing new targets set for reduction
- REWE Pro Planet: Sustainability umbrella label on all products over 10 years
- Carbon labelling market size UK: 2 billion £ in 2 years (FT UK – 1 billion £ in 15 years)





WHAT DO WE WANT TO ACHIEVE?

- Cost efficient systems for carbon accounting/data generation – we're a local global service provider
- Generate funding mechanism for adaptation through Insetting





Our take on Product Carbon Footprinting

PCF Assessments can be seen as:

- Marketing Tool
- 2. Monitoring Tool on farm level

Our assessments:

- Footprint Expert Tool/Cool Farm Tool
- PAS 2050/WRI compliant
- Verified primary data



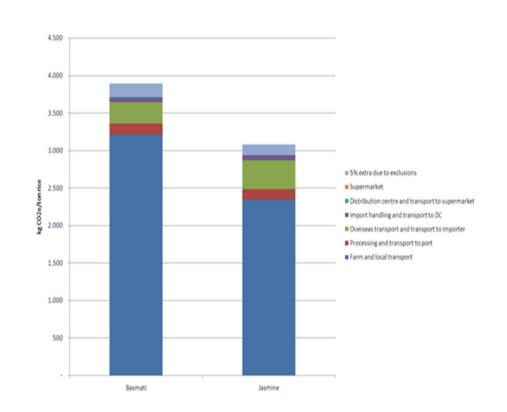




PRODUCT CARBON FOOTPRINT ASSESSMENTS

PCF Assessments* completed for:

- Rice from India and Thailand
- Flowers from Kenya and Equador
- Coffee from Nicaragua and Peru
- Coffee from Tanzania
- Tea from Kenya and India
- Bananas from Peru, Panama, Costa Rica, Ecuador







^{*}Mostly cradle to gate, but also up to farm gate/import level PAS 2050 assessments

Insetting

- We challenge buyers to re-direct off-setting investment into projects in own supply chain
- *Insetting* is investing in projects that have an adaptation outcome in a product supply chain
- Advantages of *Insetting* projects on farm level:
 - Additional income for producers
 - Increased resilience against Climate Change
 - Buyers secure their own supply
 - Buyers get Carbon Credits with a real meaning
 - Reduced carbon footprint of the product being produced (e.g. through yield increases)





Insetting in Horticulture

- Slightly more complex to intervene in production
- Potential solution is to look at worker community:
 - Efficient cookstoves to reduce need for firewood
 - Water filters that make boiling water superfluous and reduces need for firewood
- Two major European Supermarkets committed to this approach





THANK YOU



WE CERTIFY



